

**Pneumatic Pressure Transducer**

**FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION  
 SEE PR-243 DATA SHEET**

**SPECIFICATIONS**

**Accuracy\*:** ± 1% FS

**Maximum Pressure:** 40 psig

**Supply Voltage:** 12-40 VDC  
 12-35 VAC (VDC output units only)

**Supply Current:** VDC Units - 10 mA max.  
 mA Units - 20 mA max.

**Enclosure:** 18 Ga C. R. Steel NEMA 4(IP-65)

**Finish:** Baked on enamel-PMS2GR88B

**Conformance:** EMC Standards EN50082-1(1992)  
 EN55014(1993)/EN60730-1(1992)

**Compensated Temp Range:** 0°F-180°F (-18°C-82°C)

**T. C. Error:** ±0.025%/°F (.03%/°C)

**Media Compatibility:** Dry air or inert gases

**Port Connection:** 5/32" I.D., 1/4" OD Hose Barb

**Environmental:** 10-90%RH Non-Condensing

**Termination:** Unpluggable screw terminal block

**Wire Size:** 12 Ga max.

**Load Impedance:** 1.6K ohms max. at 40 VDC (mA output units)  
 1K ohms min. (VDC output units)

**Weight:** 1.0 lbs. (.45 kg)

*\*Includes non-linearity, hysteresis and non-repeatability*

RANGE	OUTPUT
R1 (psig) 0 TO 20 / 0 TO 10 / 0 TO 5	mA (4-20 mA 2-wire)
R2 (psig) 0 TO 30 / 0 TO 15 / 0 TO 7.5	VDC (0-5 VDC or 0-10 VDC Field Selectable)
R3 (psig) 3 TO 15	
R4 (kPa) 0 TO 140 / 0 TO 70 / 0 TO 35	
R5 (kPa) 0 TO 200 / 0 TO 100 / 0 TO 50	
R6 (kPa) 20 TO 100	

**INSTALLATION**

**Inspection** Inspect the package for damage. If damaged, notify the appropriate carrier immediately. If undamaged, open the package and inspect the device for obvious damage. Return damaged products.

**Requirements**

- Tools (not provided)
  - Digital Volt-ohm Meter (DVM)
  - Appropriate screwdriver for mounting screws
  - Appropriate drill and drill bit for mounting screws
- Appropriate accessories
- Two #8 self-tapping mounting screws (not provided)
- Training: Installer must be a qualified, experienced technician

**Warning:**

- Do not use on oxygen service, in an explosive/hazardous environment, or with flammable/combustible media.
- Disconnect power supply before installation to prevent electrical shock and equipment damage.
- Make all connections in accordance with the job wiring diagram, and in accordance with national and local electrical codes. Use copper conductors only.

**Caution:**

- Use electrostatic discharge precautions (e.g., use of wrist straps) during installation and wiring to prevent equipment damage.
- Avoid locations where severe shock or vibration, excessive moisture or corrosive fumes are present. NEMA Type 4 housings are intended for outdoor use primarily to provide a degree of protection against wind-blown dust, rain, and hose-directed water.
- Do not exceed ratings of the device.



**Mounting**

The PR-243 must be mounted on a vertical surface with the 1/4" brass hose barb pointing left or right. Refer to Figure-7 for mounting dimensions.

1. Remove the transducer cover using a Phillips head screwdriver.
2. Select the mounting location.
3. Mount transducer on a vertical surface with two #8 self-tapping screws (not provided).
4. Pull wires through bottom of enclosure and make necessary connections.
5. Replace cover and make pneumatic connections.

**Wiring**

Use maximum 12 AWG wire for wiring terminals. Use flexible 1/4" O.D., 5/32 I.D. tubing for pressure connections. Refer to Figures 1, 2, 3, & 4 for wiring information and Figures 5 & 6 for jumper designations.

**Wiring PR-243 Units with mA Output**

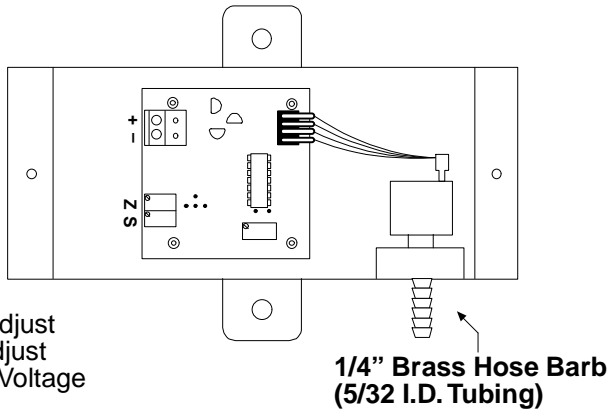
PR-243 pressure transducers are 4-20 mA output units powered with a 12-40 VDC supply.

The following describes the proper wiring of these pressure transducers with mA output:

1. Remove the blue terminal block by carefully pulling it off the circuit board.
2. Locate the [+] and [-] terminal markings on the board.
3. Attach the supply voltage to the [+] lead.
4. Connect the 4-20 mA output ([-] terminal) to the controller's input terminal.
5. Ensure that the power supply common is attached to the common bus of the controller.
6. Re-insert the terminal block to the circuit board and apply power to the unit.
7. Check for the appropriate output signal using an ammeter set on DC milliamps connected in series with the [-] terminal.

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**PR-243 Pressure Transducers with mA Output.**



**Legend**  
 S = Span Adjust  
 Z = Zero Adjust  
 + = Supply Voltage  
 - = Output

**Wiring PR-243 Units with VDC Output**

PR-243 pressure transducers with VDC output are field selectable 0-5 VDC or 0-10 VDC output and can be powered with either 12-40 VDC or 12-35 VAC. The following describes the proper wiring of these pressure transducers with VDC output:

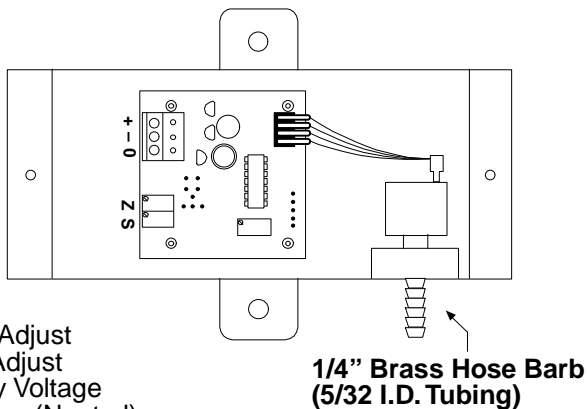
1. Remove the blue terminal block by carefully pulling it off the circuit board.
2. Locate the (+), (-), and (0) terminal markings on the board.
3. Attach the power wires to the (+) and (-) terminals. The (-) terminal is also the negative output terminal.
4. Connect the (0) terminal, which is the positive VDC output terminal, to the controller's input terminal.
5. Re-insert the terminal block to the circuit board and apply power to the unit.
6. Check the appropriate VDC output using a voltmeter set on DC volts across the (0) and (-) terminals.

**Note:** If you are using grounded AC, the hot wire must be on the (+) terminal. Also, if you are using a controller without built-in isolation, use an isolation transformer to supply the PR-243 transducer.

**Caution:** This product contains a half-wave rectifier power supply and must not be powered off transformers used to power other devices utilizing non-isolated full-wave rectifier power supplies.

**Caution:** When multiple PR-243 units are powered from the same transformer, damage will result unless all 24G power leads are connected to the same power lead on all devices. It is mandatory that correct phasing be maintained when powering more than one device from a single transformer.

**PR-243 Pressure Transducers with VDC Output.**



**Legend**  
 S = Span Adjust  
 Z = Zero Adjust  
 + = Supply Voltage  
 - = Common (Neutral)  
 0 = Output

**TYPICAL APPLICATIONS (wiring diagrams)**

Figure-1 and Figure-2 illustrate typical wiring diagrams for the PR-243, 4-20 mA, two-wire output pressure transducers.

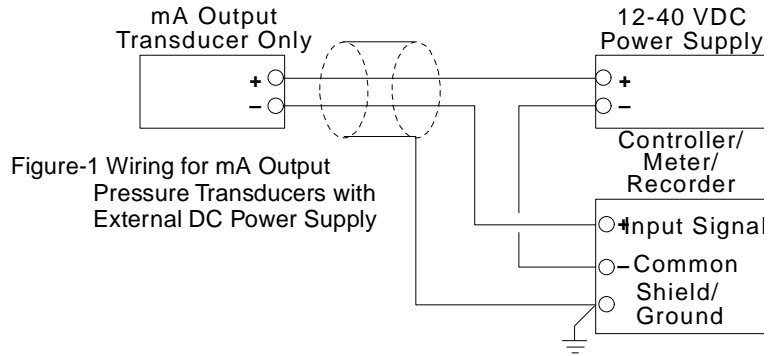


Figure-1 Wiring for mA Output Pressure Transducers with External DC Power Supply

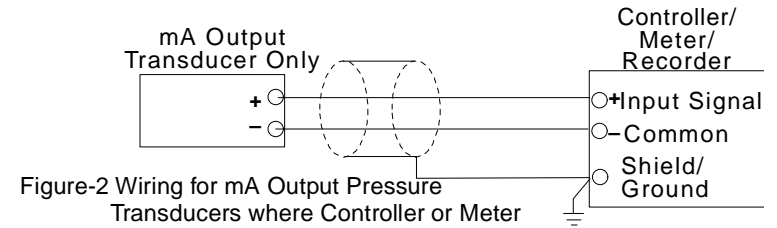


Figure-2 Wiring for mA Output Pressure Transducers where Controller or Meter has Internal DC Power Supply

Figure-3 and Figure-4 illustrate typical wiring diagrams for the PR-243, 0-5/0-10 VDC output pressure transducers.

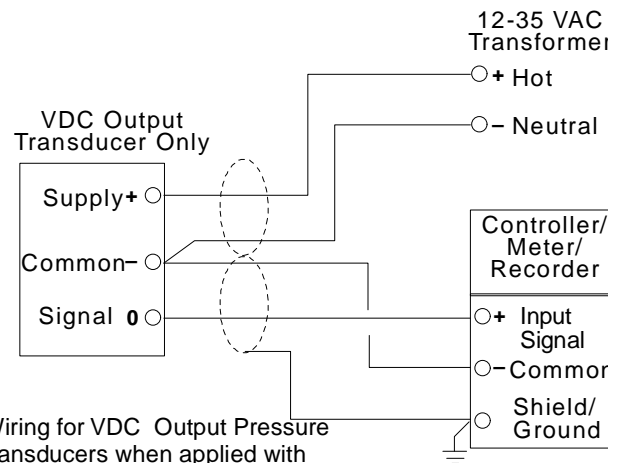


Figure-3 Wiring for VDC Output Pressure Transducers when applied with External AC Supply.

**Pneumatic Pressure Transducer**

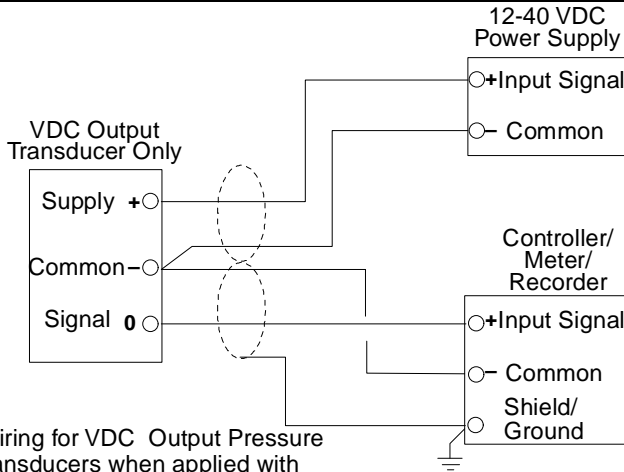


Figure-4 Wiring for VDC Output Pressure Transducers when applied with External DC Power Supply.

**ADJUSTMENTS**

**Jumper Selection**

Jumper selections vary according to the pressure transducer (mA or VDC).

The following describes the possible selections for each model.

**mA Selection**

Jumper Selections for PR-243 Pressure Transducers with mA Outputs

The possible range configurations and jumper selections for pressure transducers with mA outputs are shown in Table-1 and Figure-5, respectively.



**Caution:**

- All jumpers must be in desired position before powering unit. Never power unit without jumpers in place.
- Disconnect power before any repositioning of jumpers.

Table-1 Range Configurations for Pressure Transducers with mA Outputs

Range	Range Configurations (psig)		
	A	B	C
R1	0 to 20	0 to 10	0 to 5
R2	0 to 30	0 to 15	0 to 7.5
R3	3 to 15	---	---

Range	Range Configurations (kPa)		
	A	B	C
R4	0 to 140	0 to 70	0 to 35
R5	0 to 200	0 to 100	0 to 50
R6	20 to 100	---	---

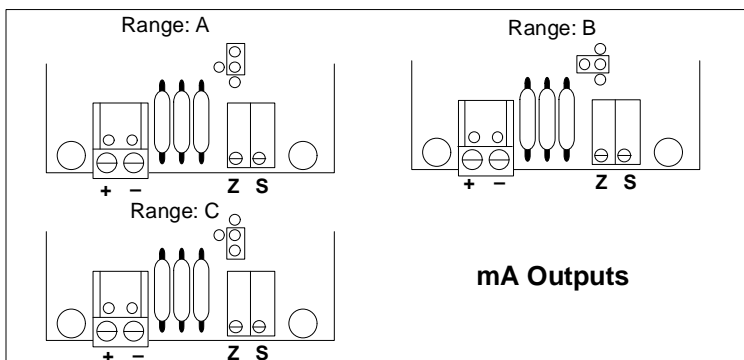


Figure-5 Jumper Selections for Pressure Transducers with mA Outputs.

**VDC Selection** Jumper Selections for PR-243 Pressure Transducers with VDC Outputs

The possible range configurations and jumper selections for pressure transducers with VDC outputs are shown in Table-2 and Figure-6, respectively.

**Caution:**



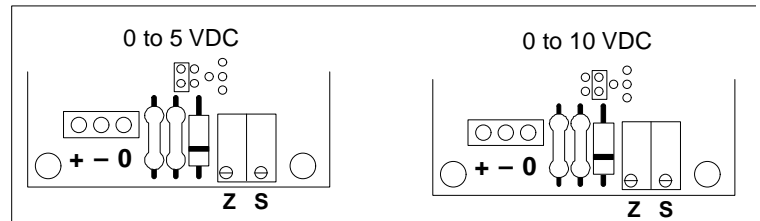
- All jumpers must be in desired position before powering unit. Never power unit without jumpers in place.
- Disconnect power before any repositioning of jumpers.

Table-2 Range Configurations for Pressure Transducers with VDC Outputs

Range	Output Configurations	Range Configurations (psig)			
		A	B	C	
R1	0 to 5 VDC	0 to 10 VDC	0 to 20	0 to 10	0 to 5
R2			0 to 30	0 to 15	0 to 7.5
R3			---	3 to 15	---

Range	Output Configurations	Range Configurations (kPa)			
		A	B	C	
R4	0 to 5 VDC	0 to 10 VDC	0 to 140	0 to 70	0 to 35
R5			0 to 200	0 to 100	0 to 50
R6			---	20 to 100	---

**OUTPUT CONFIGURATIONS**



**RANGE CONFIGURATIONS**

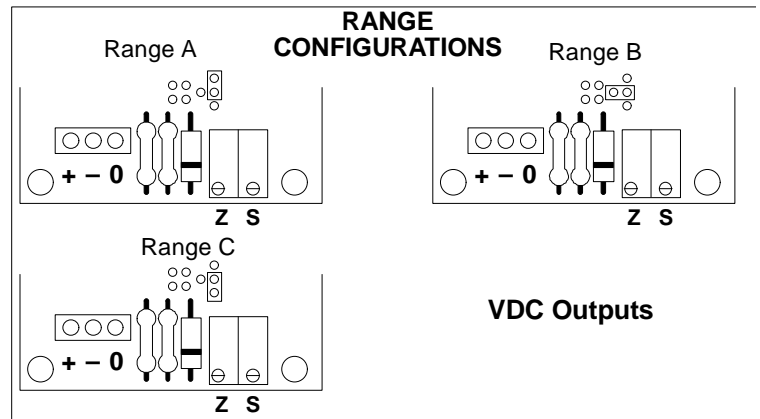


Figure-6 Jumper Selections for Pressure Transducers with VDC Outputs.

**Pneumatic Pressure Transducer**

- CHECKOUT**
1. Verify that the unit is mounted in the correct position.
  2. Verify appropriate input signal and supply voltage.

**Caution:** Never connect 120 VAC to these transducers. Never connect AC voltage to a unit intended for DC supply.

3. Verify appropriate range configuration.

**Transducer Operation**

- This is a rough functional check only.
1. Adjust the pressure to obtain maximum output signal for appropriate range.
  2. Output should be 20 mA or 5 or 10 VDC.
  3. Adjust the pressure to obtain minimum output signal.
  4. Output should be 4 mA or 0 VDC.

**Note:** The PR-243 is a highly accurate device. For applications requiring a high degree of accuracy, the use of laboratory quality meters and gauges are recommended.

- CALIBRATION** All units are factory calibrated to meet or exceed published specifications. If field adjustment is necessary, follow the instructions below.

**Calibration of PR-243 mA Units**

1. Connect terminals (+) and (-) to the appropriate power source.
2. Connect the DVM in series on the (-) terminal.
3. Apply low pressure to the unit and carefully adjust the zero trimmer (Z) to obtain desired low output.
4. Apply high pressure to the unit and adjust span trimmer (S) to obtain the desired high output.
5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 until desired calibration is achieved.

**Calibration of PR-243 VDC Units**

1. Connect terminals (+) and (-) to the appropriate power source. The (-) terminal is also the negative output terminal.
2. Connect the DVM on DC volts across (0) and (-) terminal.
3. Apply low pressure to the unit and carefully adjust the zero trimmer (Z) to obtain desired low output.
4. Apply high pressure to the unit and adjust span trimmer (S) to obtain the desired high output.
5. Repeat steps 3 and 4 until desired calibration is achieved.

- MAINTENANCE** Regular maintenance of the total system is recommended to assure sustained optimum performance.

- FIELD REPAIR** None. Replace with a functional unit.

- WARRANTY** See Data Sheet for additional information.

**DIMENSIONAL DATA**

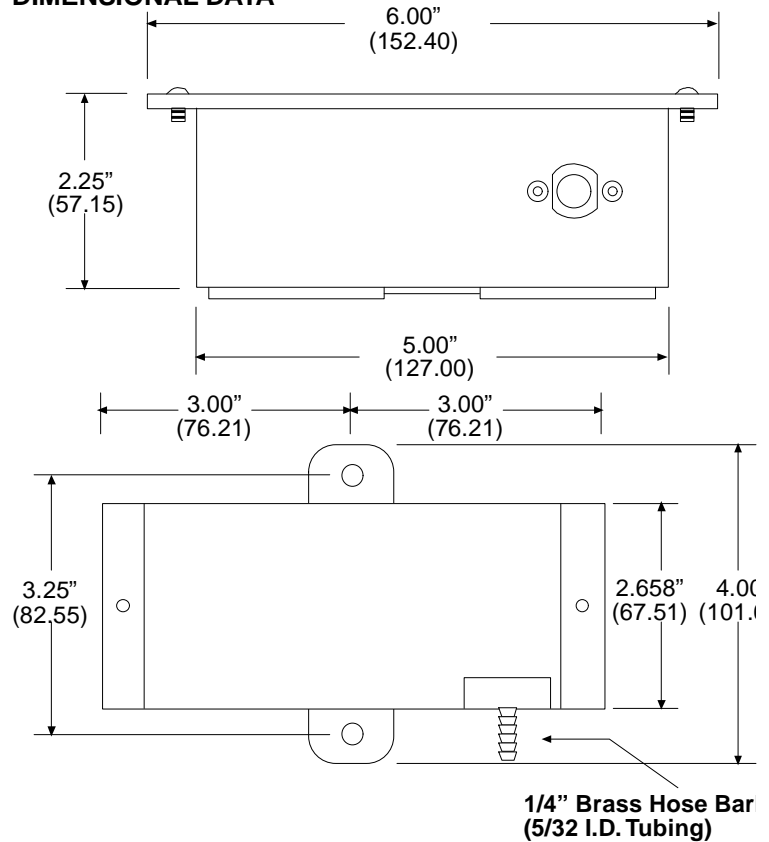
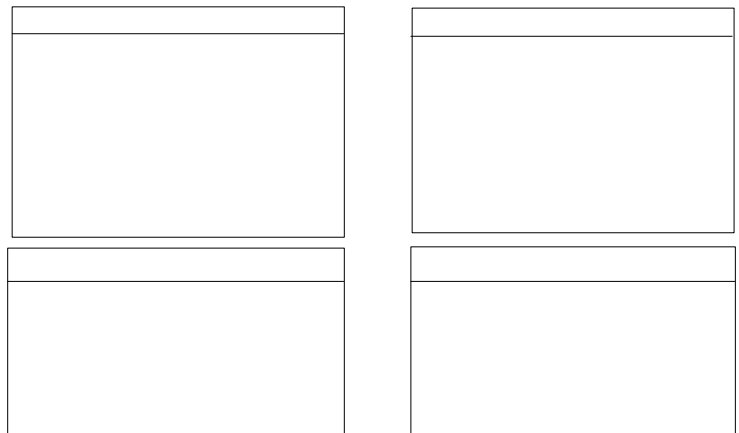


Figure-7 PR-243 Pressure Transducer Dimensions shown in inches and millimeters (mm).

**For Technical / Application Assistance contact your nearest office.**



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